Numb. 11902.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday Auguſt 18, to Saturday Auguſt 22, 1778.

AT the Court at St. *James's*, the 21ſt of *Auguſt*, 1778,

PRESENT,

The KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

HIS Majeſty was this Day pleaſed to Order, that the Parliament, which ſtands prorogued to Tueſday the Firſt Day of September next, ſhould be further prorogued to Thurſday the Firſt Day of October following.

AT the Court at *St. James's*, the 19th of *Auguſt*, 1778,

PRESENT,

The KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

WHEREAS His Majeſty was graciouſly pleaſed, by His Royal Proclamation, bearing Date the 25th Day of October 1776, to promiſe and declare, That the Bounties of Five Pounds for every Able Seaman, and of Two Pounds Ten Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, fit for His Majeſty's Service, ſhould be paid in the Manner thereby directed, to every ſuch Able and Ordinary Seaman, not above the Age of Fifty, nor under the Age of Eighteen Years, who ſhould, on or before the 31ſt of December then following, enter themſelves to ſerve in His Majeſty's Royal Navy, either with the Captains or Lieutenants of His Majeſty's Ships, or the Chief Officers on Board ſuch Tenders as ſhould be employed for raiſing Men for the Service of the Royal Navy. And whereas His Majeſty was alſo pleaſed, by His Royal Proclamation, bearing Date the 8th Day of November, 1776, to promiſe and declare, That a Reward of Two Pounds for every Able, and Thirty Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, ſhould be paid in the Manner thereby directed, to any Perſon who ſhould diſcover any Seaman or Seamen, who might ſecrete themſelves, that ſo ſuch Seaman or Seamen ſhould be taken for His Majeſty's ſaid Service, by any of His Majeſty's Sea-Officers employed for raiſing Men, on or before the 31ſt Day of December, 1776. And whereas His Majeſty was likewiſe pleaſed, by His Royal Proclamation, bearing Date the 15th Day of Auguſt 1777, to promiſe and declare, That every Able-bodied Landman, not above the Age of Thirty-five, nor under the Age of Twenty Years, who ſhould voluntarily enter himſelf to ſerve on Board any of His Majeſty's Ships, on or before the 31ſt Day of October then next, ſhould receive, as of His Majeſty's Royal Bounty, the Sum of Thirty Shillings each Man, to be paid in Manner thereby directed. And whereas the Time limited by the ſaid Proclamations, for Payment of the ſaid Bounties and Rewards, hath been prolonged and extended to the 31ſt Day of this inſtant Auguſt; and it being judged expedient for His Majeſty's Service that the ſaid Bounties and Rewards ſhould be continued to be paid for ſome Time longer; His Majeſty, with the Advice of His Privy-Council, doth therefore order, and it is hereby accordingly ordered, that the Time limited for Payment of the ſaid Bounties and Rewards be prolonged and extended from the ſaid 31ſt Day of this inſtant Auguſt to the 31ſt Day of October next, inclusive. —— Whereof all Perſons concerned are to take Notice, and govern themſelves accordingly.

Steph. Cottrell.

AT the Court at St. *James's*, the 19th of *Auguſt*, 1778,

PRESENT,

The KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

WHEREAS the Time limited by His Majeſty's Order in Council of the 22d of May laſt, for prohibiting the Exporting out of this Kingdom, or carrying Coaſtwiſe, Gunpowder, Saltpetre, or any Sort of Arms or Ammunition, will expire on the 23d of this inſtant Auguſt: And whereas it is judged expedient that the ſaid Prohibition ſhould be continued for ſome Time longer, except in thoſe Caſes where (for the Benefit and Advantage of Trade, and for the Uſe and Defence of Ships trading to Foreign Parts, and of the Tranſports and Victualling Veſſels employed in His Majeſty's Service) His Majeſty, by His ſeveral Orders in Council of the 13th and 27th of October, and of the 6th and 22d of November, 1775, of the 5th and 19th of February, and the 23d of Auguſt and 25th of September, 1776, of the 16th of April, the 13th of Auguſt, and the 3d and 10th of October, 1777, of the 19th of July laſt, and the 7th of this Inſtant Auguſt, has thought proper to permit and allow the Exportation of, and carrying Coaſtwiſe, Gunpowder, Saltpetre, Arms and Ammunition, under certain Conditions and Reſtrictions mentioned in the ſaid Orders: His Majeſty doth therefore, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, hereby order, require, prohibit, and command, that no Perſon or Perſons whomſoever (except the Maſter-General, Lieutenant-General, or Principal Officers of the Ordnance, for His Majeſty's Service) do, at any Time during the Space of Three Months, to commence from the ſaid 23d Day of this inſtant Auguſt, preſume to tranſport into any Parts out of this Kingdom, or carry Coaſtwiſe, any Gunpowder, Saltpetre, or any Sort of Arms or Ammunition, or ſhip or lade any Gunpowder, Saltpetre, or any Sort of Arms or Ammunition, on Board any Ship or Veſſel, in order to tranſporting the ſame beyond the Seas, or carrying the ſame Coaſtwiſe, except in the Caſes comprized within the aforementioned Orders in Council, without Leave or Permiſſion in that Behalf firſt obtained from His Majeſty or His Privy Council, upon Pain of incurring and ſuffering the reſpective Forfeitures and Penalties inflicted by an Act paſſed in the 29th Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, entituled, "An Act "to

[Price Seven-Pence.]

"to impower His Majeſty to prohibit the Exportation of Saltpetre, and to enforce the Law "for empowering His Majeſty to prohibit the "Exportation of Gunpowder, or any Sort of "Arms and Ammunition; and alſo to impower "His Majeſty to reſtrain the carrying Coaſtwiſe "of Saltpetre, Gunpowder, or any Sort of Arms "or Ammunition."—And the Lords Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Treaſury, the Commiſſioners for Executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, the Maſter-General of the Ordnance, and His Majeſty's Secretary at War, are to give the neceſſary Directions herein, as to them may reſpectively appertain.

Steph. Cottrell.

Admiralty-Office, Auguſt 22, 1778.

ADMIRAL Young, Commander in Chief of His Majeſty's Ships at the Leeward Iſlands, hath in his Letter to Mr. Stephens, dated the 16th of June laſt, ſent a Liſt of Prizes taken by the Ships of his Squadron, ſince thoſe publiſhed in the Gazette of the 11th of July laſt, of which the following is a Copy:

A Liſt of Veſſels taken by the Squadron under the Command of Admiral Young, at Barbadoes and the Leeward Iſlands. 16 *June*, 1778.

1778. *May* 16. By the PORTLAND Tender. Brig. *Eagle*, (Privateer) Elijah Luce Maſter, 8 Guns, 60 Tons, 39 Men, from Boſton, belonging to Boſton, ſent to Antigua — laden with Proviſions and Warlike Stores.

Ditto. By the SEAFORD. Sloop *Betſey*, Thomas Paine Maſter, ſent to Antigua — with Lumber, &c.

April 30. By the PORTLAND Tender. Sloop *Delphin*, Tho. Cox, Maſter, from Virginia, belonging to Virginia, ſent to Antigua—with Tobacco.

May 1. By Ditto. Sloop *Morrice and Wallace*, Nicholas Martin Maſter, from Virginia, belonging to Virginia, ſent to Antigua—with Tobacco.

Ditto. By the BEAVER. Schooner *Betſey*, ſent to Antigua—with Tobacco.

Ditto. By Ditto. Schooner *Ranger*, ſent to Antigua—with Melaſſes, &c.

JAMES YOUNG.

Pera of Conſtantinople, July 3. The Plague is now ſpread throughout Conſtantinople and it's Environs, which occaſions a very great Deſertion among the Chriſtian Inhabitants, and even among the Turks. Many Ships in the Harbour are infected, in which Number are two French, one Venetian, and one Raguſean. By the beſt Accounts, the Number of Burials have ſome Days amounted to nearly One Thouſand.

Vienna, Auguſt 7. The Chancellor of the Court, Prince Kaunitz Rietburg, has juſt received an Account from the Commandant of Eſſig, that the ordinary Courier from Conſtantinople of the 17th of July had been attacked near Scharkioi, between Sophia and Niſſa, by 60 Men on Horſeback, who came out of a Wood, and aſſaſſinated him and the Janiſſary who attended him; in conſequence of which the Mail was taken away, and all the Letters of that Poſt are miſſing, as well thoſe for the Imperial Court as for private Perſons. His Excellency, on the Receipt of this Intelligence, immediately took the neceſſary Meaſures, not only to inquire into the Truth and Circumſtances of the Fact, but alſo to recover, as far as may be poſſible, the Mail which is miſſing, or at leaſt ſuch Letters as the Aſſaſſins, who appear to be a Band of Robbers, may not have carried away or deſtroyed.

Berlin, Auguſt 11. On the 7th Inſtant the Head-Quarters of his Royal Highneſs Prince Henry of Pruſſia were at Schwoicka. Lieutenant-General Moellendorff was the ſame Day at Langenau, Lieutenant-General Belling at Wartenberg, and Colonel Uſedom near Græbern. The Auſtrians have evacuated Tetſchen, Tæplitz, Auſſig, and Leitmeritz: Theſe Places, together with Sandau, Leypa, Reichſtadt, Nimes, and Olſchwitz, as alſo Krottau and Kratzau, are occupied by Pruſſian Troops.

Dreſden, Auguſt 12. On Monday between Eleven and Twelve Hundred of the Priſoners, taken near Gabel, were brought into Dreſden, and lodged in the New Town, together with the Colonel of the Regiment of Caprara, ſome of the Officers, three Field Pieces, and three Standards; the reſt are to follow in a few Days, and are all to proceed to Berlin, and from thence to be conveyed to Kuſtrin and Stettin.

General Platen has moved forward with the whole Corps, (amounting to about 20,000 Men, including General Anhalt's Corps, and the Saxons that are under his Command) into Bohemia, towards Toeplitz, Auſſig, and Leitmerik; the Auſtrians under the Command of Prince Charles of Lichtenſtein having abandoned all that Country, and joined the main Body under Field Marſhal Laudon, whoſe whole Army, according to the laſt Accounts, had retired from Weiſſwaſſer over the River Iſer, and was on the 5th or 6th Inſtant encamped between Bakofen and Munckingratz, a little to the Northward of Jung-Buntzel; and it appeared they meant to keep that Poſition, as it prevents Prince Henry from attacking the Emperor in Flank, or from approaching the King's Army. Prince Henry's Army has not changed it's Poſition; his Number, according to the beſt Accounts, amounts to 69,000 Men, including General Solm's Corps of Saxons.

The Army under the Emperor, near Koniginſgratz amounts to 81,000 Men; that under the Marquis de Botta, at Hoff in Moravia, from Sixteen to Seventeen Thouſand Men, which Corps is deſtined for the Defence of Olmutz; two additional Corps under Generals Werner and Stoutterheim, near Creützendorff, oppoſite Troppaw, amount likewiſe to near that Number: Theſe, added to the Corps of Laudohn, and 8,600 that garriſon Egra, form the whole of the Imperial Army in Bohemia and Moravia.

Bruſſells, Auguſt 18. On the 17th Inſtant died, at Enghein near this Place, of the Small Pox, in the 58th Year of his Age, Charles Maria, Duke and Prince of Arenberg, Arſchot, and Kronij, Knight of the Golden Fleece, Field-Marſhall in her Imperial Majeſty's Service, and Grand Bailiff of the Province of Hainault.

Dublin Caſtle, Auguſt 14.

To his Excellency John Earl of Buckinghamſhire, Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland,

The humble Addreſs of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament aſſembled.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

WE, His Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament aſſembled, impreſſed with a grateful Senſe of His Majeſty's Goodneſs to us, in placing your Excellency over us, as our Chief Governor, and with the Reſpect which we juſtly owe to your Excellency, beg Leave to congratulate you upon the approaching Concluſion of the preſent Seſſion of Parliament, in which we have had the fulleſt Proofs of your Excellency's Juſtice, Wiſdom and Prudence.

What

What hath been done for Ireland, during this Seſſion, and during your Excellency's Adminiſtration, in the Encouragement of our Agriculture, the Extention of our Fiſheries, and the Advancement of our Trade, clearly manifeſt to us, that your Excellency perfectly underſtands the true Intereſts of this Country, and that you have ſincerely endeavoured to promote them by your moſt faithful Repreſentations of us, and by your kind and moſt unwearied Interpoſition in our Favour.

We cannot reflect upon what hath been done towards removing thoſe Difficulties, which our Trade hath long and heavily laboured under, without the deepeſt Gratitude to His Majeſty, and without a Senſe of our Obligations to your Excellency.

Theſe Inſtances of Benevolence, at the ſame Time that they call for our warmeſt Acknowledgments, inſpire us with Hopes that the melancholy and diſtreſſed State of our Manufactures will be further conſidered, and that the ſame liberal Spirit, which hath already leſſened our Difficulties, will further extend itſelf, and afford that Improvement to the Commerce of this Kingdom, which, whilſt it is of the higheſt Moment to us, cannot but conduce to the true Intereſts of Great Britain, with whoſe Proſperity the Welfare of this Country is inſeparably connected.

We beg Leave to aſſure your Excellency, that, moved by the Experience we have had of your Zeal for, and your Ability and Readineſs to promote the Welfare of, this Country, we feel in ourſelves ſuch an Opinion of, and Confidence in, in your Adminiſtration, that we cannot but hope, that through His Majeſty's Grace and Favour to a faithful and loyal People, your Excellency will long continue to be the Chief Governor of this Kingdom.

Wm. Watts Gayer, } Cler. Parliament.
Edw. Gayer, }

His Excellency's Anſwer:

My Lords,

YOUR Lordſhips will accept of my moſt cordial Thanks for this flattering Teſtimony of your Approbation.

From the Firſt of my Arrival in this Kingdom, my beſt Endeavours have been exerted to promote it's true Intereſts; and I feel with a moſt ſenſible Satisfaction, that they have not been exerted in vain.

I ſhall aſſiduouſly labour to maintain your good Opinion, by my Perſeverance in faithfully repreſenting to His Majeſty the Circumſtances and Situation of Ireland.

To his Excellency John Earl of Buckinghamſhire, Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland.

The humble Addreſs of the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes, in Parliament aſſembled.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

WE, His Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Ireland in Parliament aſſembled, do moſt thankfully acknowledge the Obligations we owe to His Majeſty's Goodneſs and paternal Care, in having placed over us a Chief Governor, whoſe Adminiſtration has been eminently diſtinguiſhed by its Juſtice, Wiſdom and Prudence.

The many uſeful and ſalutary Laws, which this Kingdom has received during this Seſſion of Parliament, for the Encouragement of its Agriculture, Extenſion of its Fiſheries, Advancement of its Trade, and Increaſe of the national Strength by the Eſtabliſhment of a Militia, muſt impreſs the Minds of His Majeſty's loyal Subjects here with the deepeſt Gratitude to His Majeſty, and a juſt Senſe of your Excellency's Knowledge of the true Intereſts of this Country, and of your faithful Repreſentations and ſucceſsful Interpoſition in its Favour.

We feel particular Satisfaction, that, during your Excellency's Adminiſtration, the Difficulties under which the Trade of this Kingdom has long and heavily laboured, have been conſidered, and the Work of their Removal happily forwarded: We truſt however, that the melancholy and diſtreſſed State of our Manufactures will juſtify us in expreſſing our moſt ſanguine Hopes, that the ſame liberal Spirit, which has already removed ſome of thoſe Difficulties, and which calls for our warm Acknowledgments, will extend itſelf yet further, and afford that Improvement to the Commerce of this Kingdom, which, while it is eſſential to us, cannot but conduce to the true Intereſts of Great Britain, with whoſe Proſperity the Welfare of this Country is inſeparably connected.

Your Excellency's unwearied and ſucceſsful Endeavours to promote that Welfare, as they have juſtly ſecured to your Adminiſtration the Confidence of His Majeſty's loyal Subjects in this Kingdom, ſo do they fill our Minds with the warmeſt Hopes, that His Majeſty, as the higheſt Mark of His Royal Favour to a faithful and dutiful People, will be graciouſly pleaſed long to continue your Excellency the Chief Governor of this Kingdom.

H. Alcock, } Cler. Dom. Com.
S. Carew, }

His Excellency's Anſwer:

Gentlemen,

I Return you my Thanks for your very obliging Addreſs. I have very ſincerely exerted my beſt Endeavours to deſerve well of this Country; your Approbation of my Conduct affords me the moſt flattering Proof that thoſe Endeavours have not been altogether unſucceſsful.

I ſhall uſe every Effort to merit a Continuance of your Eſteem, by promoting, to the utmoſt of my Power, the true Intereſts of Ireland; and you may be aſſured, that I ſhall continue faithfully to repreſent to His Majeſty the Circumſtances and Situation of this Kingdom.

Dublin Caſtle, Auguſt 14.

THIS Day his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant went in State to the Houſe of Peers, with the uſual Solemnity, and the Commons being ſent for, gave the Royal Aſſent to the following Bills:

An Act for granting unto His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, certain Duties therein contained; and for the further Advancement of the Trade of this Kingdom.

An Act for the Advancement of the Trade of this Kingdom.

An Act for improving the Police of the City of Dublin.

An Act to enable the Chief Juſtice, or other Juſtice of His Majeſty's Court of King's Bench, or the Chief Juſtice or other Juſtice of His Majeſty's Court of Common Pleas, in the Abſence of the Lord Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer, to ſwear the Lord Mayor of the City of Dublin into his Office.

An Act for the Amendment of the Law with reſpect to Outlawries, returning Special Juries, and the future Effects of Bankrupts in certain Caſes.

An Act for aſcertaining the Boundaries of the Pariſh of St. Mary's, on the North Eaſt Side thereof, and for preventing Inconveniencies ariſing from the uncertain State of the ſame; and for aſcertaining the Boundaries between the County of the City of Dublin and the County of Dublin, in ſome Places where the ſame are uncertain, and thereby preventing Perſons guilty of Offences therein from eſcaping the Puniſhment of the Law.

An Act to exclude Traders from the Benefit of an Act, intituled an Act to prevent Frauds committed by Bankrupts who do not keep regular Books of Accounts, and for continuing the ſaid Law, and for other Purpoſes.

An

An Act for the further Improvement of the City of Dublin, in the Manner therein-mentioned.

An Act for the Relief of His Majesty's Subjects of this Kingdom, professing the Popish Religion.

And to Two Private Bills.

After which his Excellency made the following most gracious Speech to both Houses of Parliament.

His Excellency John Earl of Buckinghamshire, Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland,

His Speech to both Houses of Parliament, at Dublin, on Friday the 14th Day of August, 1778.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

THE Business of the Session being concluded, I am happy to have it in my Power to release you from a very long and fatiguing Attendance. It is Time that your respective Countries, after having shared the Advantage of your public Labours, should avail themselves of your private Virtues, should enjoy the Benefit of your Presence, and profit by your more immediate and particular Attentions.

The Zeal and Unanimity manifested by both Houses of Parliament for the Support of His Majesty's Crown and Dignity, and the Defence of these Realms, whilst they evince the Loyalty and Magnanimity of this Kingdom, must necessarily tend to the Discouragement of our Enemies, and are highly acceptable to His Majesty, as incontestable Proofs of an affectionate Duty to him, and a sincere Attachment to your Country.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I am to thank you in His Majesty's Name for the Supplies which you have granted, and for the Provision which you have made for putting and maintaining this Kingdom in a State of Defence. Those Grants shall be faithfully applied, and it shall be my Endeavour, that the Welfare and Security of the People may amply compensate for those Charges which the Exigency of publick Affairs has unavoidably occasioned.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I flatter myself, that the Regulations which have taken Place this Session, will prove essentially serviceable to that valuable Branch of Commerce, the Fisheries of Ireland. It is with Pleasure that I see an Act passed for establishing a Militia, which by enabling His Majesty, when He shall think proper to call forth that Part of the national Strength, may materially contribute to the Protection and Defence of the Kingdom. The Law for relieving the Roman Catholicks from some of those Disabilities, under which they have hitherto laboured, will, I hope, attain the desirable End of promoting and establishing good Will and mutual Confidence among His Majesty's Subjects, and by rendering us more united at Home, make us more formidable to our Enemies Abroad. I congratulate with you on the late Extension of the Trade and Commerce of this Kingdom; it is a Circumstance peculiarly fortunate to me, that an Event which promises such Advantages to Ireland, should have taken Place during my Administration.

While you justly enjoy the Approbation and Gratitude of your Country, for having promoted so many useful Laws, I am persuaded you will not forget what is due to the paternal Care of an affectionate Sovereign, and the kind Disposition of Great-Britain towards this Country, you will cultivate jointly, as in sound Policy they are inseparable, the true Interests of both Kingdoms.

Your kind Approbation of my Conduct affords me a Satisfaction, which I can the more truly enjoy, because I am conscious of having endeavoured to deserve it. In adopting a different Line of Conduct, I should have been wanting in that Trust reposed in me by my Sovereign, who wishes nothing so earnestly as the Prosperity of His People. I am happy in being able to represent to His Majesty, that His Royal and beneficent Attention meets a full and suitable Return, in the grateful Loyalty and affectionate Duty of His Subjects of this Kingdom.

After which the Lord Chancellor by his Excellency's Command said,

My Lords and Gentlemen,

IT is his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant's Pleasure, that this Parliament be prorogued to Tuesday the 22d Day of September next, to be then here held. And this Parliament is accordingly prorogued to Tuesday the 22d Day of September next.

AVERAGE PRICES of CORN,

From August 10 to August 15, 1778.

By the Standard WINCHESTER Bushel of Eight Gallons.

	Wheat.		Rye.		Barley.		Oats.		Beans.	
	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
London,	5	1	2	10	2	6	1	10	2	10
COUNTIES INLAND.										
Middlesex,	5	4			2	10	2	4	3	8
Surry,	5	1	3	2			2	2	4	1
Hertford,	5	2					2	0	3	5
Bedford,	4	10					1	11	3	3
Cambridge,	4	9	2	9			1	7	2	6
Huntingdon,	4	7			2	1	1	9	2	9
Northampton,	5	0			2	8	1	7	2	8
Rutland,	5	0			2	6				
Leicester,	5	1	3	5	2	7	1	10	3	3
Nottingham,	4	7	3	1			2	0	3	0
Derby,	5	0					1	11	3	4
Stafford,	5	8					2	1	3	8
Salop,	5	3	4	5	3	1	1	9		
Hereford,	5	2					1	8		
Worcester,	5	5					2	3	3	9
Warwick,	5	3					2	0	4	1
Gloucester,	5	5			2	9	2	3	3	6
Wilts,	5	1			2	7	2	1	4	1
Berks,	4	11	4	0	2	10	2	0	3	6
Oxford,	5	0			2	8	2	1	3	4
Bucks,	5	2			2	11	2	1	3	4
COUNTIES upon the COAST.										
Essex,	4	6			2	3	1	10	3	3
Suffolk,	4	10	2	8	2	4	1	9	2	11
Norfolk,	5	0			2	1	1	8		
Lincoln,	4	9	3	4	2	3	1	6	3	0
York,	5	1	3	1	2	4	1	9	3	1
Durham,	5	0	3	9			1	11	3	9
Northumberland,	4	11	3	3	2	7	2	0	3	2
Cumberland,	5	8	4	3	3	6	2	3	4	0
Westmorland,	5	9	3	9	3	1	2	3		
Lancashire,	6	4			2	9	2	4	3	7
Cheshire,	5	10			3	5	2	0		
Monmouth,	5	8			3	7	1	11		
Somerset,	5	6	3	2	3	8	1	11	3	7
Devon,	5	8			3	2	1	8		
Cornwall,	5	8			2	11	1	8		
Dorset,	5	10			2	10	2	0	3	11
Hampshire,	5	1			2	8	2	0	3	9
Sussex,	4	3			2	8	2	1	3	9
Kent,	4	9			2	11	2	2	3	2

From August 3, to August 8, 1778.

WALES.

North Wales,	5	8	4	4	3	7	1	9	4	0
South Wales,	5	6	4	2	3	5	1	7	3	9

Part of **SCOTLAND.**

Wheat.		Rye.		Barley.		Oats.		Beans.		Big.	
4	4			1	11	1	10	2	4	1	10

Published by Authority of Parliament,

Will^m Cooke.

Admiralty-Office, August 14, 1778.

THE Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty do hereby give Notice, That, in Pursuance of His Majesty's Commission under the Great Seal, Letters of Marque and

and Reprisal, against the Ships, Goods, and Subjects of the French King, will be issued to any of His Majesty's Subjects, or others, who are willing to fit out any Ship or Vessel against France, and whom their Lordships shall deem fitly qualified for the same, upon their giving the usual Security not to take, or anyways molest, the Ships, Goods, or Effects of the Subjects of His Majesty, or of His Allies.

Ph. Stephens.

Navy-Office, August 18, 1778.

THE Principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy give Notice, that they are ready to treat for the Hire of Ships from 350 to 450 Tons Burthen, capable of carrying 20 Carriage Guns of 6 or 9 Pounders, to serve as armed Ships. The Conditions may be seen, on Application at the Clerk of the Acts Office in this Office.

Victualling Office, August 19, 1778.

THE Commissioners for Victualling His Majesty's Navy do hereby give Notice, that on Wednesday the 16th of September next, they will be ready to receive Tenders in Writing, (sealed up) and treat with such Persons as may be inclinable to undertake to furnish Fresh Beef to such of His Majesty's Ships and Vessels as may touch at Corke, also at Belfast, Carrickfergus, Larne Harbour, and Newry, in Ireland, and be in Want thereof.

The Conditions of the Contracts may be seen at the Secretary's Office at the Victualling-Office, London; or by applying respectively to the Collectors or Chief Officers of the Customs at Corke, Belfast, and Newry.

And all Persons who may think proper to make Tenders upon the said Occasion are desired to take Notice, that no Regard will be had to any Tender that shall not be delivered to the Board before One o'Clock on the said 16th of September next; nor unless the Person who makes the Tender, or some Person on his Behalf, attends, to answer for him when called for.

East-India House, August 20, 1778.

THE Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East-Indies do hereby give Notice,

That a Quarterly General Court of the said Company will be held at their House in Leadenhall-street, on Wednesday the 30th of September next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon.

East-India House, August 20, 1778.

THE Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East-Indies do hereby give Notice,

That the Transfer Books of the East India Annuities will be shut on Friday the 11th of September next, at Two o'Clock, and opened again on Monday the 12th of October following.

And that the Dividend Warrants, due the 10th of said October, will be ready to be delivered on Saturday the 7th of November next.

Creech St. Michael, near Taunton, in the County of Somerset.

WHereas James Webber, the Son of Leonard Webber, of the above-named Place, left his Family about 7 Years ago, and went from thence to Surry, from which Place he wrote to his Father about 5 Years ago, and has not since been heard of: This is to inform the said James Webber, if he is still living and will make Application to his Father, he may hear of something greatly to his Advantage. Any Person who can prove his Death, so that it may be fully known to his Family, shall be well rewarded for the Trouble.

WHereas Joseph Woolf, of Reading in the County of Berks, Salesman, hath assigned over his Stock in Trade and Effects, for the Benefit of his Creditors, to Mr. Ralph Hotchkin, jun. of Newgate-street, London, Mr. John Cripps, of Cateaton-street, London, and Mr. William Walker, of the Town of Northampton; This is to request all Persons, to whom the said Joseph Woolf is indebted, to send an Account, upon Oath, of their respective Claims, to the said Ralph Hotchkin, jun. on or before the 29th of September next, in order to make a Final Dividend as soon as possible, or they will be excluded any Benefit from the intended Composition. And all Persons indebted to the Estate of the said Joseph Woolf are required to pay the same to Messr. Higgs and Poulton, of Reading, or they will be sued for the same without further Notice.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued against Robert Greenacre, of Redenhall with Harleston in the County of Norfolk, Money-scrivener, are desired to meet the Assignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects, on Saturday the 12th of September next, at Four in the Afternoon, at the House of Francis Kerrison, the King's Head, in the Parish of St. Peter Mancroft, Norwich, in order to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees commencing, prosecuting, or defending, any Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity concerning the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; and also to their compounding, submitting to Arbitration, or otherwise agreeing, any Matter or Thing relating thereto; and on other special Affairs.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Thomas Hitchcock, of Bishopsgate-street, London, Woollen-draper, are desired to meet the Assignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects, on Friday the 28th Day of August instant, at Five of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall Coffee-house, situate in King-street, in Cheapside, London, in order to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees commencing, prosecuting, or defending, any Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity concerning the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects, or to his compounding, submitting to Arbitration, or otherwise agreeing, any Matter or Thing relating thereto; and on other special Affairs.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Richard Willis, of the Crescent near the Minories, London, Merchant, are desired to meet the Assignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects, on Friday the 28th Day of August instant, precisely at Twelve of the Clock at Noon, at the George and Vulture Tavern, in Cornhill, London, in order to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees commencing, prosecuting, or defending any Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity concerning the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; and also to their compounding, submitting to Arbitration, or agreeing any Matter or Thing relating thereto; and also for making an Allowance to the said Richard Willis, for his Assistance in settling the Affairs and collecting in the Debts due to his Estate; and on other special Affairs.

PUrsuant to an Order made by the Right Honourable Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, for Enlarging the Time for William Ellyott, late of Lindfield in the County of Sussex, Linen-draper, Dealer and Chapman, (a Bankrupt) to surrender himself, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects, for 49 Days, to be computed from the 29th Day of August instant; This is to give Notice, that the Commissioners in the said Commission named and authorized, or the major Part of them, intend to meet on the 17th Day of October next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London; where the said Bankrupt is required to surrender himself between the Hours of Eleven and One of the same Day, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects, and finish his Examination; and the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, may then and there come and prove the same, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

Notice to Creditors,

THAT, upon the 21st of July, 1778, the Lords of Council and Session in Scotland sequestrated the whole Personal Estate of Sir Thomas Wallace-Dunlop, of Craigie, Bart. situated within their Lordships Jurisdiction; and, upon the 1st of August, 1778, appointed David Limond, Writer in Ayr, to be Factor on the said sequestrated Personal Estate; and appointed the Creditors of the said Sir Thomas Wallace-Dunlop to meet at Ayr, within the House of Mrs. Buchanan, Innkeeper there, on the 11th Day of September next, in order to their continuing the said Factor, or chusing another Factor, or a Trustee

HALFPENNY

Truſtee or Truſtees, in his Place. The Creditors are therefore hereby deſired to meet at the Time and Place above-mentioned.

David Limond.

Notice, by William Sands, Writer in Edinburgh, Factor appointed by the Court of Seſſion upon the ſequeſtrated Perſonal Eſtate of William Aitken, Merchant in Dunfermline.

THESE are to intimate to all concerned, That, upon the the Application of the Creditors of the ſaid David Aitken, the Court of Seſſion in Scotland did, on the 8th Day of Auguſt inſtant, ſequeſtrate the whole Perſonal Eſtate of the ſaid David Aitken, ſituated within the Juriſdiction of the ſaid Court, and appointed the ſaid William Sands to be Factor thereon, in Terms of the Act of Parliament, intituled, "An "Act for rendering the Payment of the Creditors of Inſolvent "Debtors, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, "more equal and expeditious:" The ſaid William Sands, therefore, in Terms of the ſaid Act, and of the foreſaid Order of Court, hereby requires the whole Creditors of the ſaid David Aitken, by themſelves, or by their Attornies or Agents properly authorized to act for them, to meet within the Exchange Coffee-houſe in Edinburgh, upon Tueſday the 22d of September next, between the Hours of Twelve and One of the Clock at Noon, in order to their continuing him as Factor on the ſaid ſequeſtrated Eſtate, or chuſing another Factor thereon, or a Truſtee or Truſtees, in his Place; all in Terms of the foreſaid Statute.

William Sands.

Intimation to the Creditors of Alexander Innes, late of the City of Edinburgh, Clerk to the Signet,

THAT, upon the 18th Day of July laſt, the Lords of Council and Seſſion in Scotland, upon Application of the ſaid Alexander Innes, ſequeſtrated the whole Perſonal Eſtate of the ſaid Alexander Innes, ſituated within their Lordſhips Juriſdiction; and, upon the 12th Day of Auguſt inſtant, appointed James Balfour, of Edinburgh, Clerk to the Signet, to be Factor thereon, in Terms of the late Act of Parliament concerning Inſolvent Debtors, paſſed in the 12th Year of His preſent Majeſty; and further their Lordſhips appointed the Creditors of the ſaid Alexander Innes to meet within John's Coffee-houſe in Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 16th Day of September next, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, in order to their continuing the ſaid James Balfour as Factor, or chuſing another Factor, or a Truſtee or Truſtees, in his Place, in Terms of the ſaid Statute:——Of all which, Notice is hereby given by the ſaid James Balfour to all concerned, agreeable to an Appointment of the Court and the foreſaid Statute.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Edward Aſhby, late of Clapham in the County of Surry, Coach maſter, Dealer and Chapman, (but now a Priſoner in the King's Bench Priſon) and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 19th Day of Auguſt inſtant, on the 8th Day of September next, and on the 3d Day of October following, at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon on each of the ſaid Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees; and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination; and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Meſſ. Harriſon and Cromwel', Nag's head-court, Gracechurch-ſtreet.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Walker, late of Bromſgrove in the County of Worceſter, Money-ſcrivener, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 8th, 9th, and 10th Days of September next, at Two in the Afternoon on each of the ſaid Days, at the Golden Croſs Inn, in Bromſgrove aforeſaid, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chooſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Richard Wattel, Attorney, at Bromſgrove aforeſaid.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Abraham Froud, of the City of New Sarum in the County of Wilts, Mercer, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 5th and 14th Days of September next, and on the 3d Day of October following, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon on each Day, at the Houſe of Joſeph Boyter, called the Three Lions Inn, in the City of New Sarum, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Joſeph Elderton, Attorney, at Saliſbury.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Joſiah Smith, late of Bradford in the County of York, Woolſtapler, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 21ſt Day of September next at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, on the 22d Day of the ſame Month, and on the 3d of October following, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the Houſe of John Cowling, called the New Inn, in Leeds, Yorkſhire, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the ſecond Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to John Bentley, Attorney, in Bradford aforeſaid.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt Richard Boddington, of Wapping in the County of Middleſex, Hardwareman, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 5th Day of September next, (by Adjournment from the 18th Day of Auguſt inſtant) at Nine o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, to chuſe an Aſſignee or Aſſignees of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, and, with thoſe who have already proved their Debts, vote in the Choice of an Aſſignee or Aſſignees accordingly.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Richard Serjeant, late of Clayton in the County of Stafford, Linen-draper, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 17th Day of September next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the Dolphin Inn, in Newcaſtle under Lyme in the ſaid County, in order to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Samuel Shrigley, of the Minories, London, Linen-draper, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 15th Day of September next, at Five of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Samuel Wood, of the Pariſh of St. Paul Covent-garden in the County of Middleſex, Vintner, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 3d Day of November next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, (not on the 19th Day of Auguſt inſtant, as before advertiſed) at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the

ſaid

ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come and prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Robert Forſter, late of King's Lynn in the County of Norfolk, Merchant, intend to meet on the 7th Day of September next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, (by Adjournment from the 7th Inſtant) at the Guildhall in King's Lynn, to make a Final Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come and prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt Alexander Allan, late of Norton ſtreet in the Pariſh of Saint Mary le Bone in the County of Middleſex, Carpenter, Builder, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Alexander Allan hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 12th Day of September next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Robert Brooke, late of New North-ſtreet near Red-lion-ſquare in the County of Middleſex, Merchant, have certified to the Right Hon. Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Robert Brooke hath conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by Virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 12th Day of September next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt John Weldon, of Broad-ſtreet-buildings, London, Merchant, have certified to the Right Honourable Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid John Weldon hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 12th of September next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt Edward Biven, of Friday-ſtreet, London, Hardwareman, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Edward Biven hath conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act paſſed in the 18th Year of His preſent Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 12th Day of September next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Sir George Colebrooke, Bart. late of the City of London, Banker, have certified to the Right Hon. Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Sir George Colebrooke hath conformed according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 12th of September next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt Sarah Clayton, late of Liverpool in the County of Lancaſter, Dealer in Coals, have certified to the Right Honourable Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Sarah Clayton hath in all Things conformed herſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by Virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, her Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 12th Day of September next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt George Pulling, of Romſey Extra in the County of Southampton, Brewer, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Hon. Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid George Pulling hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 12th of September next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt John Morgan, of the Town of Builth in the County of Brecon, Surgeon and Apothecary, have certified to the Right Hon. Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid John Morgan hath in all Things conformed according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice that, by Virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 12th Day of September next.

THE following Perſons being Priſoners for Debt, in the reſpective Priſons or Goals hereafter mentioned, do hereby give this Publick Notice, That they do intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament, paſſed in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of His preſent Majeſty King George the Third, intituled, *An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors; and for the Relief of Bankrupts in certain Caſes*; at the next General Special Seſſions, or General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held in and for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Town, Liberty or Place, or any Adjournment thereof, which ſhall happen next after TWENTY-ONE Days from the FIRST Publication of the under-mentioned Names. And they do hereby give Notice, that true and perfect Schedules, containing a Diſcovery of all their Real and Perſonal Eſtates (hereafter to be ſworn to) are now ready to be delivered to any Creditor applying for the ſame to the reſpective Gaolers or Keepers, or their Deputies, in ſuch Manner as by the ſaid Act is directed.

Priſoner in the KING's BENCH Priſon in the County of Surry.

Third Notice.

John Jarrett, late of Mile-end Old Town in the Pariſh of St. Dunſtan Stepney in the County of Middleſex, Gentleman.

Priſoner in the Gaol of IVELCHESTER in the County of Somerſet.

Second Notice.

Nathaniel Tucker, formerly of the Pariſh of Broadway in Somerſetſhire, Miller and Dairyman, late of the Pariſh of Knole St. Giles in the ſaid County, Dairyman.

Priſoner in the Sheriff's Ward or Priſon in the Pariſh of Saint THOMAS the Apoſtle in the County of Devon.

Second Notice.

William Pitts, formerly of Zeal Monachorum, late of the Pariſh of Northtawton, in the County of Devon, Yeoman.

Priſoners in His Majeſty's Priſon of the FLEET.

Firſt Notice.

John Gandell Clarke, formerly of Chelſea in the County of Middleſex, late of Tooley-ſtreet Southwark in the County of Surry, Merchant's Clerk.

George Lillington, formerly and late of Barnet in the County of Hertford, Farmer.

Adam

Adam Fuller, formerly of Lombard ſtreet and Exchange-alley, London, Banker.
James Meryweather, late of the Pariſh of St. Catherine Cree, London, ſince of the Precinct of St. Catherine by the Tower in the County of Middleſex, Gentleman.
Mary Lee, formerly and late of Wandſworth in the County of Surry, Dealer and Chapwoman.

Priſoner in the Goal at Wellington, kept in and for the Hundred of BRADFORD in the County of Salop.

Firſt Notice.

Thomas Adams, late of Newport in the County of Salop, Joiner.

THE following Perſons being Fugitives for Debt, and beyond the Seas, on the TENTH Day of MARCH, One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Seventy-eight, and having ſurrendered themſelves to the Goalers or Keepers of the reſpective Goals or Priſons hereafter-mentioned, do hereby give this Public Notice, That they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament, paſſed in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of His preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors; and for the Relief of Bankrupts in certain Caſes*; at the next General Special Seſſions, or General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, to be held in and for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Town, Liberty, or Place, or any Adjournment thereof, which ſhall happen next after TWENTY-ONE Days from the FIRST Publication of the undermentioned Names. And they do hereby give Notice, That true and perfect Schedules, containing a Diſcovery of all their Real and Perſonal Eſtate, (hereafter to be ſworn to) are now ready to be delivered to any Creditor applying for the ſame to the Gaolers or Keepers, or their Deputies, in ſuch Manner as by the ſaid Act is directed.

Fugitives ſurrendered to the Keeper of the KING's BENCH Priſon in the County of Surry.

Second Notice.

John Sivall, formerly of Preſcot-ſtreet Goodman's-fields, late of Tripoly in Barbary, Merchant.

Third Notice.

Moſes Eaſtgate, formerly of Ormond-ſtreet Queen-ſquare in the County of Middleſex, late of Dunkirk, Coal-merchant.
Benjamin Smith, formerly of Bunhill-row in the Pariſh of St. Luke in the County of Middleſex, late of Boulogne in France, Baker.

Fugitives ſurrendered to the Keeper of WOODSTREET Compter, in the City of London.

Third Notice.

Aſher Barnet, formerly of Birmingham in the County of Warwick, late of Buckle-ſtreet Whitechapel in the County of Middleſex, Dealer and Chapman.
Eliaſer Van Minden, formerly and late of Portſmouth Common in the County of Hants, Dealer and Chapman.
Levy Moſes, formerly and late of Leadenhall-ſtreet in the City of London, Dealer and Chapman.
William Johnſon, formerly of Northwich in the County Palatine of Cheſter, late of Dublin in Ireland, Linen-draper. Arreſted within Fourteen Days after his Arrival in this Kingdom.

Fugitives ſurrendered to the Warden of His Majeſty's Priſon of the FLEET.

Firſt Notice.

Elizabeth Corniſh, formerly of Barnard's-inn, London, late of Paris in France, Spinſter.
Richard Copper, formerly of Tooting in the County of Surry, late on the High Seas between Madraſs and the Cape of Good Hope, Merchant.
Anthony Theodore Canon, formerly of Milford Haven in the County of Pembroke, late of Nantz in France, Merchant.

Third Notice.

Joſeph Lancaſter, formerly of Broad-way Weſtminſter in the County of Middleſex, late of Dublin in Ireland, Doctor of Medicine.
Erneſt Hauck, formerly of St. Martin's-ſtreet in the Pariſh of St. Martin in the Fields in the County of Middleſex, late of Amſterdam in Holland, Taylor.
John Bridſon, formerly of the Pariſh of St. John Horſlydown in the County of Surry, late of Nevis in the Weſt Indies, Mariner.
William York, formerly of Bartholomew-cloſe in the Pariſh of St. Bartholomew the Great London, late of Alicant in Spain, Mariner.
William Parſons, formerly of Lower Seymour-ſtreet in the Pariſh of St. Mary le bone in the County of Middleſex, late of Paris in France, Gentleman.

Fugitive ſurrendered to the Keeper of the POULTRY Compter in the City of London.

Firſt Notice.

Elizabeth Tobias, formerly of Houndſditch, late of Greyhound-alley St. Mary Axe, both in the City of London, Dealer and Chapwoman.

Fugitive ſurrendered to the Keeper of NEWGATE in and for the City of Briſtol and County of the ſame City.

Firſt Notice.

Thomas Jones, formerly of the Town of Newport in the County of Monmouth, late of the Pariſh of St. Nicholas in the City of Briſtol, Victualler.

Fugitives ſurrendered to the Keeper of WHITECHAPEL Goal in the County of Middleſex.

Firſt Notice.

James Hume, formerly of Lower Gun-alley St. George's in the Eaſt, late of Rotterdam in Holland, Mariner.
James Mackenzie, formerly of Shoe-lane in the City of London, late of Calais in France, Stationer.

N. B. If any Perſon in the foregoing Liſt of Priſoners ſhall find, on the Peruſal of this Gazette, that there is any Error, ſuch Error ſhall, upon Notice, be rectified in the next Gazette Gratis.

Printed by *Thomas Harriſon*, in *Warwick-Lane*. 1778.

The London Gazette
EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

MONDAY, AUGUST 24, 1778.

Whitehall, Auguſt 24, 1778.

THE following Letter from Lieutenant-General Sir Henry Clinton, Knight of the Bath, to Lord George Germain, One of His Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, was received on Saturday Night by Colonel Patterſon, who arrived in the Grantham Packet from New York.

New York, July 5, 1778.

MY LORD,

I Have the Honor to inform your Lordſhip, that, purſuant to His Majeſty's Inſtructions, I evacuated Philadelphia on the 18th of June, at Three o'Clock in the Morning, and proceeded to Glouceſter Point without being followed by the Enemy. Every Thing being from thence paſſed, in Safety acroſs the Delaware, through the excellent Diſpoſition made by the Admiral to ſecure our Paſſage, the Army marched at Ten o'Clock, and reached Haddonfield the ſame Day A ſtrong Corps of the Enemy having, upon our Approach, abandoned the difficult Paſs of Mount Holly, the Army proceeded without any Interruption from them, excepting what was occaſioned by their having deſtroyed every Bridge on our Road. As the Country is much interſected with marſhy Rivulets, the Obſtructions we met with were frequent, and the exceſſive Heat of the Seaſon rendered the Labour of repairing the Bridges ſeverely felt.

The advanced Parties of our Light Troops arriving unexpectedly at Croſſwicks on the 23d, after a trifling Skirmiſh, prevented the Enemy from deſtroying the Bridge over a large Creek at that Village, and the Army paſſed it the next Morning. One Column, under the Command of his Excellency Lieutenant-General Knyphauſen, halted near Amely's Town; and as the Proviſion Train and heavy Artillery were ſtationed in that Diviſion, the other Column, under Lieutenant-General Earl Cornwallis, took a Poſition at Allen's Town, which covered the other Encampment.

Thus far, my Lord, my March pointed equally towards the Hudſon's River and Staten Iſland by the Rariton. I was now at the Juncture, when it was neceſſary to decide ultimately what Courſe to purſue. Encumbered as I was by an enormous Proviſion Train, &c. to which Impediment the Probability of Obſtructions and Length of my March obliged me to ſubmit, I was led to wiſh for a Route leſs liable to Obſtacles than thoſe abovementioned.

I had received Intelligence that Generals Waſhington and Lee had paſſed the Delaware with their Army, had aſſembled a numerous Militia from all the neighbouring Provinces, and that Gates, with an Army from the Northward, was advancing to join them on the Rariton. As I could not hope that, after having always hitherto ſo ſtudiouſly avoided a general Action, General Waſhington would now give into it againſt every Dictate of Policy; I could only ſuppoſe that his Views were directed againſt my Baggage, &c. in which Part I was indeed vulnerable. This Circumſtance alone would have tempted me to avoid the difficult Paſſage of the Rariton; but when I reflected that from Sandy Hook I ſhould be able, with more Expedition, to carry His Majeſty's further Orders into Execution, I did not heſitate to order the Army into the Road which leads through Freehold to the Navefink. The Approach of the Enemy's Army being indicated by the frequent Appearance of their Light Troops on our Rear, I requeſted his Excellency Lieutenant-General Knyphauſen to take the Baggage of the whole Army under the Charge of his Diviſion, conſiſting of the Troops mentioned in the Margin.* Under the Head of Baggage was comprized, not only all the Wheel Carriages of every Department, but alſo the Bât Horſes; a Train which, as the Country admitted but of one Route for Carriages, extended near 12 Miles. The indiſpenſible Neceſſity I was under of ſecuring theſe is obvious; and the Difficulty of doing it, in a moſt woody Country, againſt an Army far ſuperior in Numbers, will, I truſt, be no leſs ſo.

I deſired Lieutenant-General Knyphauſen to move at Day-Break on the 28th; and, that I might not preſs upon him in the firſt Part of the March, in which we had but one Route, I did not follow with the other Diviſion† till near Eight o'Clock. Soon after I had marched, reconnoitring Parties of the Enemy appeared on our Left Flank. The Queen's Rangers fell in with and diſperſed ſome Detachments among the Woods in the ſame Quarter. Our Rear Guard having deſcended from the Heights above Freehold into a Plain near Three Miles in Length, and about One Mile in Breadth, ſeveral Columns of the Enemy appeared likewiſe deſcending into the Plain, and about Ten o'Clock they began to cannonade our Rear. Intelligence was at this Inſtant brought me, that the Enemy were diſcovered marching in Force on both our Flanks. I was convinced that our Baggage was their Object; but it being at this Juncture engaged in Defiles, which continued for ſome Miles, no Means occurred of parrying the Blow, but attacking the Corps which harraſſed our Rear, and preſſing it ſo hard as to oblige the Detachments to return from our Flanks to it's Aſſiſtance.

I had

* 17th Light Dragoons. 2d Battalion Light Infantry. Heſſian Yagers. 1ſt and 2d Brigades Britiſh. Stern's and Loo's Brigades of Heſſians. Penſylvania Loyaliſts. Weſt Jerſey Volunteers. Maryland Loyaliſts.

† 16th Light Dragoons. 1ſt Battalion Britiſh Grenadiers. 2d Ditto. 1ſt Battalion of Light Infantry. Heſſian Grenadiers. Guards, 3d, 4th, 5th Brigades Britiſh.

[Price Three-pence Halfpenny.]

I had good Information that General Washington was up with his whole Army, estimated at about 20,000; but as I knew there were Two Defiles between him and the Corps at which I meant to strike, I judged that he could not have passed them with a greater Force than what Lord Cornwallis's Division was well able to engage; and had I even met his whole Army in the Passage of those Defiles, I had little to apprehend, but his Situation might have been critical.

The Enemy's Cavalry, commanded it is said by M. La Fayette, having approached within our Reach, they were charged with great Spirit by the Queen's Light Dragoons. They did not wait the Shock, but fell back in Confusion upon their own Infantry.

Thinking it possible that the Event might draw to a general Action, I sent for a Brigade of British, and the 17th Light Dragoons, from Lieutenant-General Knyphausen's Division; and having directed them on their Arrival to take a Position effectually covering our Right Flank, of which I was most jealous, I made a Disposition of Attack in the Plain; but before I could advance, the Enemy fell back, and took a strong Position on the Heights above Freehold Court House. The Heat of the Weather was intense, and our Men already suffered severely from Fatigue; but our Circumstances obliged us to make a vigorous Exertion. The British Grenadiers, with their Left to the Village of Freehold, and the Guards on the Right of the Grenadiers, began the Attack with such Spirit that the Enemy gave Way immediately. The 2d Line of the Enemy stood the Attack with greater Obstinacy, but were likewise compleatly routed. They then took a third Position, with a marshy Hollow in Front, over which it would have been scarcely possible to have attacked them However Part of the 2d Line made a Movement to the Front, occupied some Ground on the Enemy's Left Flank, and the Light Infantry and Queen's Rangers turned their Left.

By this Time our Men were so over-powered with Fatigue that I could press the Affair no farther, especially as I was confident the End was gained for which the Attack had been made.

I ordered the Light Infantry to rejoin me; but a strong Detachment of the Enemy having possessed themselves of a Post, which would have annoyed them in their Retreat, the 33d Regiment made a Movement towards the Enemy, which, with a similar one made by the 1st Grenadiers, immediately dispersed them.

I took the Position from whence the Enemy had first been driven, after they had quitted the Plain, and having reposed the Troops 'till Ten at Night, to avoid the excessive Heat in the Day, I took advantage of the Moon light to rejoin Lieutenant General Knyphausen, who had advanced to Nut Swamp near Middletown.

Our Baggage had been attempted by some of the Enemy's Light Troops, who were repulsed by the good Disposition made by Lieutenant General Knyphausen and Major General Grant, and the good Countenance of the 40th Regiment, whose Piquets alone were attacked, and one Troop of the 17th Light Dragoons. The two Corps which had marched against it (being, as I have since learnt, a Brigade on each Flank) were recalled, as I had suspected, at the beginning of the Action.

It would be sufficient Honor to the Troops barely to say, that they had forced a Corps, as I am informed, of near 12,000 Men, from two strong Positions; but it will, I doubt not, be considered as doubly creditable, when I mention, that they did it under such Disadvantages of Heat and Fatigue, that a great Part of those we lost fell dead as they advanced, without a Wound.

Fearing that my first Order had miscarried, before I quitted this Ground I sent a second, for a Brigade of Infantry, the 17th Light Dragoons, and 2d Battalion of Light Infantry, to meet me on the March, with which additional Force, had General Washington shewn himself the next Day, I was determined to attack him; but there not being the least Appearance of an Enemy, I suspected he might have pushed a considerable Corps to a strong Position near Middletown; I therefore left the Rear Guard on its March, and detached Major General Grant to take Post there, which was effected on the 29th. The whole Army marched to this Position the next Day, and then fell back to another, near Navesink, where I waited two Days, in the Hope, that Mr. Washington might have been tempted to have advanced to the Position near Middletown, which we had quitted; in which Case I might have attacked him to Advantage.

During this Time the Sick and Wounded were embarked, and Preparations made for passing to Sandy Hook Island by a Bridge, which by the extraordinary Efforts of the Navy was soon compleated, and over which the whole Army passed in about two Hours Time; the Horses and Cattle having been previously transported.

Your Lordship will receive herewith a Return of the Killed, Wounded, Missing, &c. of His Majesty's Troops on the 28th of last Month. That of the Enemy is supposed to have been more considerable, especially in Killed.

The Loss of Lieutenant Colonel Monckton, who commanded the 2d Battalion of Grenadiers, is much to be lamented.

I am much indebted to Lord Cornwallis for his zealous Services on every Occasion; and I found great Support from the Activity of Major General Grey, Brigadier Generals Mathew, Leslie, and Sir William Erskine.

I beg Leave to refer your Lordship for any other Particulars, which you may wish to be informed of, to Colonel Patterson, who will have the Honor of delivering these Dispatches, and whose Services in this Country entitle him to every Mark of your Lordship's Favor.

I have the Honor to be, &c.

H. CLINTON.

Return of the Killed, Wounded, Missing, &c. of the Troops under the Command of General Sir Henry Clinton, in an Engagement with the Rebel Army, on the Heights of Freehold, County of Monmouth, New Jersey, the 28th of June, 1778.

TOTAL *BRITISH.*

1 Lieutenant-Colonel, 1 Captain, 2 Lieutenants, 4 Serjeants, 56 Rank and File, *killed*; 3 Serjeants, 45 Rank and File, *died with Fatigue*; 1 Colonel, 1 Lieutenant Colonel, 1 Major, 7 Captains, 5 Lieutenants, 7 Serjeants, 137 Rank and File, *wounded*; 3 Serjeants, 61 Rank and File, *missing*.

TOTAL *GERMAN.*

1 Rank and File *killed*; 11 Rank and File *died with Fatigue*; 11 Rank and File *wounded*.

GENERAL TOTAL.

1 Lieutenant-Colonel, 1 Captain, 2 Lieutenants, 4 Serjeants, 57 Rank and File, *killed*; 3 Serjeants, 56 Rank and File *died with Fatigue*; 1 Colonel, 1 Lieutenant-Colonel, 1 Major, 7 Captains, 5 Lieutenants, 7 Serjeants, 148 Rank and File, *wounded*; 3 Serjeants, 61 Rank and File *miſſing*.

Names and Rank of the Officers returned Killed and Wounded, on the 28th of June, 1778.

Royal Artillery. Lieutenant Vaughan *killed.*

1ſt Grenadiers. Captain Gore, of the 5th Company, *killed.*

2d Ditto. Lieutenant-Colonel Hon. H. Monckton, of the 45th Company, (commanding the Battalion) Lieutenant Kennedy, of the 44th Company, *killed.*

1ſt Grenadiers. Captain Cathcart, of the 15th Company, Captain Brereton, of the 17th Company, Captain Wills, of the 23d Company, *wounded.*

2d Ditto. Major Gardner, of the 10th Company, Captain Leighton, of the 46th Company, Captain Powell, of the 52d Company, Lieutenant Gilchriſt, of the 42d Company, Lieutenant Kelly, of the 44th Company, Lieutenant Paumier, of the 46th Company, Lieutenant Groſſe, of the 52d Company, *wounded.*

Foot Guards. Colonel Trelawney, Captain Bellew, *wounded.*

15th Regiment. Captain Ditmas (attached to the 2d Grenadiers) *wounded.*

Marines. Lieutenant Deſborough (attached to the 2d Grenadiers) *wounded.*

Queen's American Rangers. Lieutenant-Colonel Simcoe *wounded.*

H. CLINTON.

Admiralty-Office, Auguſt 24, 1778.

CAPTAIN Bull, of the Grantham Packet-Boat, arrived at this Office on Saturday Evening from New York, with Letters from the Vice-Admiral Lord Viſcount Howe, Commander in Chief of His Majeſty's Ships in North America, to Mr. Stephens, dated the 6th and 11th of July, 1778, of which the following are Extracts:

Eagle, off Staten Iſland, July 6, 1778.

FROM my Letters by the Porcupine, of which Duplicates are forwarded herewith, the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty will be informed of the Motions of the Army, whereby my Proceedings with the Fleet have been chiefly influenced, to the 19th paſt.

Having been retarded on the Paſſage down the Delaware, after the Town of Philadelphia was evacuated, by almoſt continued Calms, I was not able to quit that River until the 28th in the Evening, but anchored off of Sandy Hook (followed by the Tranſports) the next Day.

The Army arrived on the Jerſey Shore, adjacent to the Heights of Neverſunk, the ſucceeding Morning: No conſiderable Attempt to interrupt the March having been made until the 28th; an Attack appearing (as I underſtand) to have been then meditated in Force on the Rear Guard, where the Commander in Chief was preſent, the Rebels were charged with great Vigour, and beat off with conſiderable Loſs.

The Enemy deſiſting from every Purpoſe of further Obſtruction to the Movement of the King's Forces; and the Artillery, Baggage, and Part of the Troops taken off as the Weather would permit, in the mean Time: The reſt of the Army paſſed, on the 5th Inſtant, over a Bridge formed with the Flat-boats, acroſs the Channel, which had been made by the Sea laſt Winter, and ſeparated the Peninſula of Sandy Hook from the Main. They were afterwards carried up to New York.

On the 29th of laſt Month I was joined, on my Paſſage to this Port, by the Grantham Packet; the Commander of which was charged with your Diſpatches of the 3d of May. My beſt Endeavours will be exerted to promote the Benefit of the King's Service at this Conjuncture. I am getting, (with the voluntary Aſſiſtance of the Tranſports Men) the Ships named in the Margin*, ready for the Sea, with all Expedition, to act in Future, regarding the Object of Vice-Admiral Byron's Appointment, as Circumſtances may require.

Rear-Admiral Gambier will remain here under Orders, to regulate the Duties of the Port, and to co operate with the General in ſuch Meaſures as he may ſee proper to adopt in my Abſence, for the Advantage of the King's Service in this Department.

Eagle at Sandy Hook, July 11, 1778.

THE Day after the Date of my Letter of the 6th Inſtant, ſent by this Conveyance, I received Advice, forwarded from the Cruizers ſtationed to the Southward, that the Toulon Squadron arrived on the Coaſt of Virginia the 5th Inſtant; appearing by its Motions then, and upon the 6th, to be deſigned for Cheſepeak Bay. The French Ships were however attended by the Maidſtone on their Courſe to the Northward; and in the Morning of the 8th they anchored at the Entrance of the Delaware.

Inſtructions were diſpatched for Vice-Admiral Byron, upon the firſt Knowledge that the French Squadron was advanced to the Delaware. And I ſhall ſoon have the Ships here in Readineſs to take Advantage of any Opportunity favorable for the Purpoſe of the Vice Admiral's Appointment; but I have not yet heard of his Arrival on the American Coaſt.

Receiving Notice this Morning that the French Squadron was advancing towards this Port, I deferred cloſing my Letter, to adviſe the Lords Commiſſioners, that the Squadron, conſiſting of Fifteen Sail, anchored this Evening without the Hook, ſeeming to meditate an Attack on this Port. I have the Satisfaction to think, if proſecuted, that it will not prove to the Diſcredit of His Majeſty's Arms.

The Grantham Packet attempts putting to Sea with this Diſpatch through the Sound, by Rhode Iſland, whilſt the Attention of the Enemy may be engaged off this Port.

* 3d Rate. Eagle, Trident, St. Alban's, Somerſet, Ardent, Nonſuch.
4th. Preſton, Experiment, Iſis.
5th. Phœnix, Roebuck, Pearl, Venus, Richmond.
6th. Vigilant.

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